

Last name..... First name..... subgroup

TP n° 2 report

TP n° 2 objectives

Purpose of the first manipulation.

Purpose of the second manipulation .

Equipment and glassware used

Reagents and solvents used

First manipulation: experimental data

$N_A = \dots \dots \dots$ $V_A = \dots \dots \dots$

$V_{Eq1} = \dots \dots \dots$ $V_{Eq2} = \dots \dots \dots$ $V_{Eq3} = \dots \dots \dots$ $V_{Eq} \dots \dots \dots$

Chemical equations at the equivalent point.....

Mathematical relationship to equivalence:

Normality, N_B and molar concentration, C_B of potash:

Conclusion :

Second manipulation.....

$N_B \dots \dots \dots$ $V_A \dots \dots \dots$

$V_{BEq1} \dots \dots \dots$ $V_{BEq2} \dots \dots \dots$ $V_{BEq3} \dots \dots \dots$ $V_{Eq} \dots \dots \dots$

Chemical equation(s) at equivalent point(s)

Relationship to equivalence:

Calculation of normality and molarity of dilute acetic acid.

1) Normality:

2) Molarity:

Deduce the molar concentration of acetic acid in vinegar and its degree of acidity (the degree of acidity of vinegar is the % by mass of acetic acid). degree of acidity of vinegar is % acetic acid by mass) d = 1.013.

Concentration of acetic acid in commercial vinegar:

Vinegar acidity (percentage by mass)

Conclusion.....