

<b>Gr:</b>	<i>Last Name:</i>	
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	<i>N°</i>	

## TP-3

### SIMPLE PENDULUM

**Experiment**

**I. Influence of the pendulum's length on the period**

Report the results in Table 1.

$\theta_0=7^\circ , n_1=10$				
<i>L (cm)</i>	<b>20</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>
$t_1=n_1T_1$ (s)				
$T_1=\frac{t_1}{n_1}$ (s)				
$T_1^2$ (s <sup>2</sup> )				
$\frac{T_1^2}{4\pi^2}$ (s <sup>2</sup> )				

$\theta_0=7^\circ , n_2=30$				
<i>L (cm)</i>	<b>20</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>
$t_2=n_2T_2$ (s)				
$T_2=\frac{t_2}{n_2}$ (s)				
$T_2^2$ (s <sup>2</sup> )				
$\frac{T_2^2}{4\pi^2}$ (s <sup>2</sup> )				

**Table 1**

1. Draw the graph  $L\left(\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2}\right)$  on millimeter paper.

- Determination of the average value of g (graphical method):

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***-Determination of the average value of g and calculation of its uncertainty:***

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***Comparison of the results of period T and the value of g for n<sub>1</sub> and n<sub>2</sub> :***

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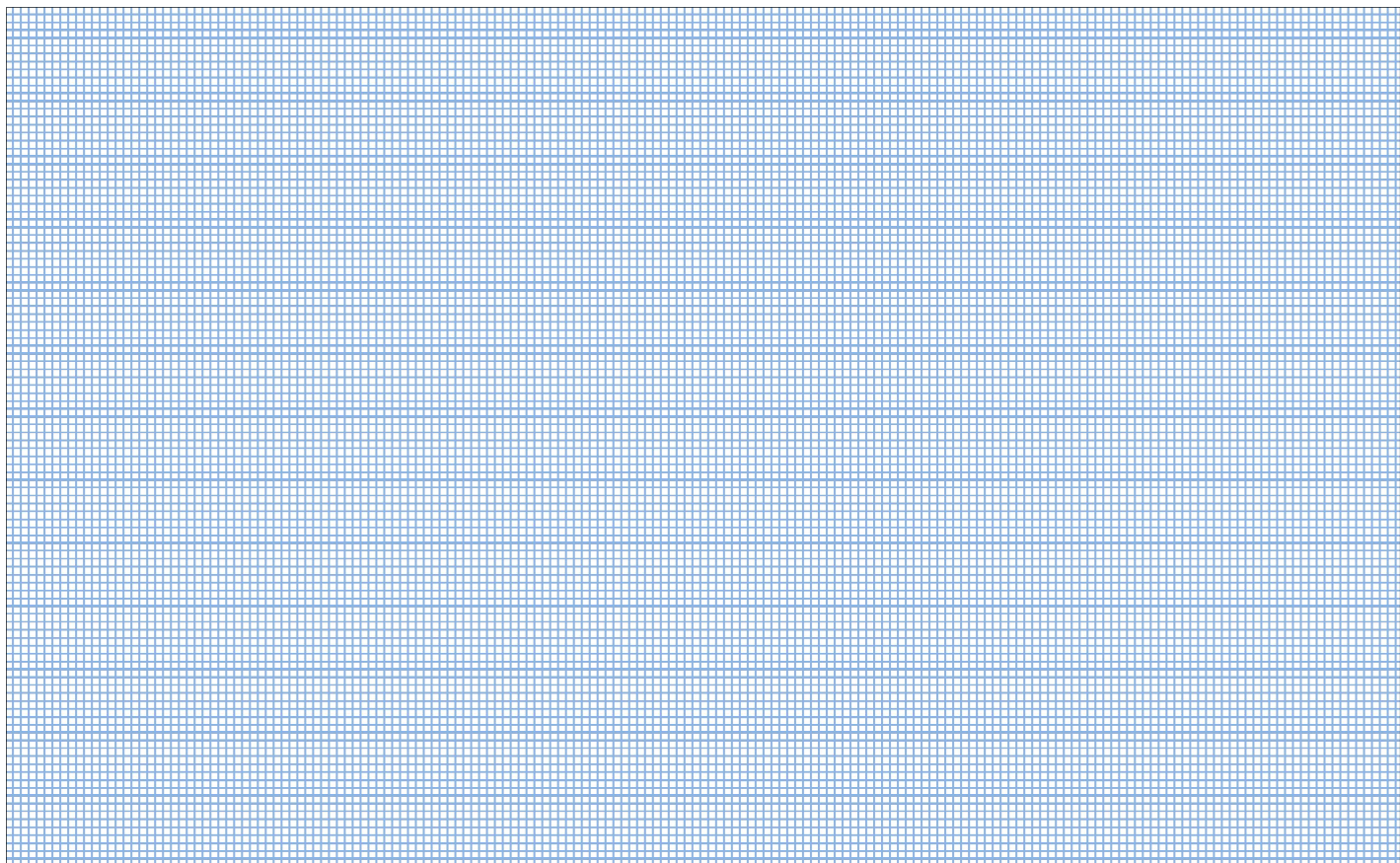
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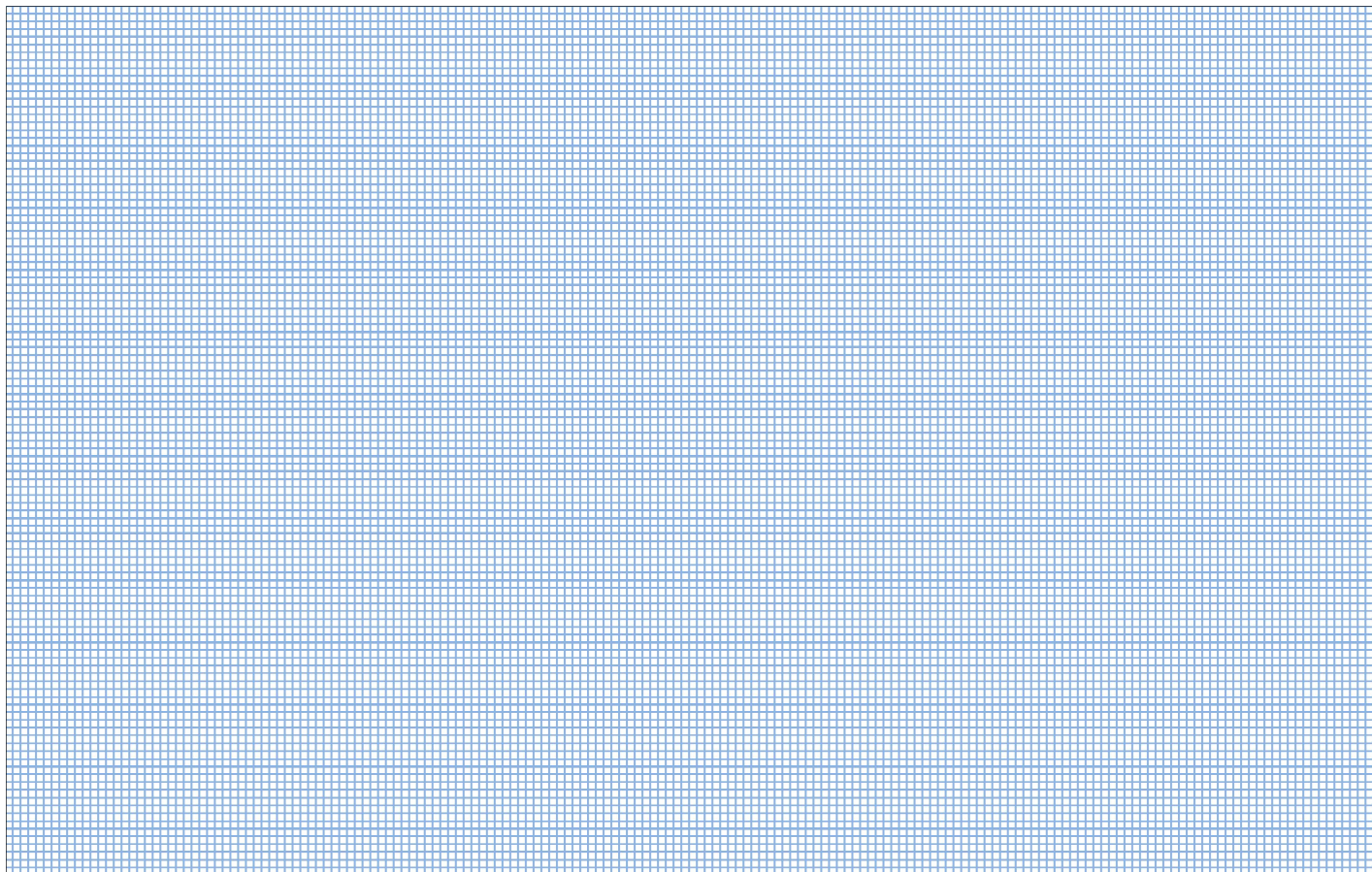
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***We can conclude that:*** .....

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**Graph 1: n<sub>l</sub>=10**



Graph 2:  $n_2=30$ 

## II. Influence of the angle on the period

Report the results in Table 2.

$L = 40 \text{ cm} , n_1=10$					
$\theta_0$ ( $^\circ$ )	$6^\circ$	$8^\circ$	$10^\circ$	$30^\circ$	$90^\circ$
$t_1=n_1T_1$ (s)					
$T_1$ (s)					

$L = 40 \text{ cm} , n_2=30$					
$\theta_0$ ( $^\circ$ )	$6^\circ$	$8^\circ$	$10^\circ$	$30^\circ$	$90^\circ$
$t_2=n_2T_2$ (s)					
$T_2$ (s)					

Table 2

1. Calculate  $g$  analytically for the angles that allow the application of the formula  $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$  and calculate its uncertainty  $\delta g$ :

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2. Does the variation of the angle  $\theta_0$  influence  $T$  and  $g$ ?     *NO*         *YES*

3. Interpretation of the results :

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**III. Conclusion**

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